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What is claimed is:

thereof comprising:

1	1.	A method for quantifying the osteoinductive potential of a collection of like
2	implan	t material intended for implantation into human or non-human recipients in need

- (a) releasing osteogenic factors from a representative sampling of a collection of like implant materials to produce an implant releasate containing said osteogenic factors; and
 - (b) quantifying the concentration of at least one osteogenic factor present in said implant releasate, wherein said quantifying occurs *in vitro* and does not require implantation of said materials *in vivo* or use of complex biological living materials; and
 - (c) determining a value of osteogenic potential for said representative sampling by corresponding said concentration of at least one osteogenic factor with a similar value on a predetermined curve;
 - whereby the osteogenic potential of said collection is realized. .
- 1 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein said implant material comprises bone.
- 1 3. The method according to claim 2, wherein said bone implant material comprises 2 autograft, allograft, xenograft, cortical bone, cancellous bone, and combinations thereof.
- 1 4. The method according to claim 3, wherein said releasing of step (a) comprises
- 2 demineralizing bone implant material to produce a substantially demineralized bone
- 3 implant matrix; optionally said demineralizing bone implant material comprises reducing
- 4 calcium concentration to about 2 percent or less.
- 1 5. The method according to claim 4, wherein said releasing further comprises
- 2 dissolving said demineralized bone implant matrix.

- 1 6. The method according to claim 5, wherein said dissolving comprises contacting
- 2 said demineralized bone implant matrix with enzymes that do not destroy osteoinductive
- 3 factors present in said implant releasate, but which dissolve or otherwise dissociate said
- 4 demineralized bone matrix to produce a dissolved implant releasate.
- 1 7. The method according to claim 6, wherein said enzymes comprise collagenase.
- 1 8. The method according to claim 6, wherein said method further comprises
- 2 removing particulate debris from said dissolved implant releasate.
- 1 9. The method according to claim 8, wherein said removing comprises centrifuging
- 2 said dissolved implant releasate and retaining the centrifugation supernatant to provide an
- implant releasate supernatant.
- 1 10. The method according to claim 9 further comprising removing low molecular
- weight non-osteogenic factor molecules from said implant releasate supernatant.
- 1 11. The method according to claim 10, wherein said removing low molecular weight
- 2 non-osteogenic factor molecules comprises subjecting said implant releasate to dialyzing,
- 3 ultrafiltering, size-exclusion fractionating, precipitating, or combinations thereof.
- 1 12. The method according to claim 1, wherein said at least one osteogenic factor
- 2 comprises at least one mitogen and at least one morphogen.
- 1 13. The method according to claim 1, wherein said at least one osteoinductive factor
- 2 is selected from the group consisting of bone morphogenetic proteins, tissue growth
- 3 factors, fibroblast growth factors, platelet derived growth factors, vascular endothelial
- 4 growth factors, cartilage derived morphogenetic proteins, insulin-like growth factors, and
- 5 combinations thereof.

- 1 14. The method according to claim 1, wherein said at least one osteogenic factor is
- selected from the group consisting of transforming growth factors TGF $-\alpha$, TGF- β , bone
- 3 morphogenic protein BMP-1, BMP-2, BMP-3, BMP-4, BMP-5, BMP-6, BMP-7, BMP-8
- 4 and combinations thereof.
- 1 15. The method according to claim 14 wherein said at least one osteogenic factor
- 2 comprises TGF-β1 plus BMP-2 or BMP-4 or both.
- 1 16. The method according to claim 1, wherein said quantifying comprises utilizing an
- 2 immunoassay which detects specific osteoinductive factors present in said implant
- 3 releasate.
- 1 17. The method according to claim 16, wherein said immunoassay is selected from
- the group consisting of enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELIZA),
- 3 radioimmunoassay, immunoprecipitation or combinations thereof.
- 1 18. The method according to claim 16 wherein said quantifying comprises contacting
- said at least one osteogenic factor with an antibody specific thereto under conditions to
- allow for specific binding of said antibody to said at least one osteogenic factor to occur,
- and measuring said specific binding of said antibody to said at least one osteogenic
- 5 factor.
- 1 19. The method according to claim 1, wherein said osteoinductive factors are
- 2 quantified in the range between picogram and milligram quantities and multiples and
- 3 dilutions thereof.
- 1 20. The method according to claim 1, wherein said predetermined curve is established
- 2 by correlating concentrations of at least one osteogenic factor with the probability of said
- 3 concentrations to generate bone *in vivo*.

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- 1 21. The method according to claim 20, wherein said correlating concentrations of at
- 2 least one osteogenic factor comprises correlating the product achieved by multiplying a
- 3 given concentration of TGF-β1 with a concentration of BMP2, BMP4 or both.
- 1 22. The method according to claim 1 wherein said predetermined curve is established by
- 2 correlating concentration of at least one osteogenic factor with an ability to induce
- 3 differentiation of undifferentiated cells.
- 1 23. A method of measuring the osteogenic potential of an implant comprising:
- 2 (a) releasing osteogenic factors from said implant to produce an implant 3 releasate containing said osteogenic factors;
 - (b) quantifying the concentration of at least one osteogenic factor in said implant releasate, wherein said quantifying occurs *in vitro* and does not require implantation of said implant *in vivo* or use of complex biological living materials; and
 - (c) determining a value of osteogenic potential for said implant by corresponding said concentration of at least one osteogenic factor with a similar value on a predetermined curve;
 - whereby the osteogenenic potential of said implant is realized.
 - 24. A method of measuring the chondrogenic capacity of an implant comprising:
- 2 (a) releasing chondrogenic factors from said implant to produce an implant 3 releasate containing said chondrogenic factors;
 - (b) quantifying the concentration of at least one chondrogenic factor in said implant releasate, wherein said quantifying occurs *in vitro* and does not require implantation of said implant *in vivo* or use of complex biological living materials; and
 - (c) determining a value of chondrogenic capacity for said implant by corresponding said concentration of at least one chondrogenic factor with a similar value on a predetermined curve;
- whereby the chondrogenic capacity of said implant is realized.

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1	25.	A method of accelerating wound healing or the rate of recovery from bone	
2	damage or disease in a human or non-human patient in need thereof comprising:		
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4		(a) producing a composition comprising an amount of two or more growth	
5		factors, wherein said amount effects enhanced healing over a composition	
6		comprising just one of said two or more growth factors; and	
7		(b) administering said composition to a patient in need thereof.	
1	26.	The method according to claim 25, wherein said amount is determined by	
2	employing the method of claim 1.		
1	27.	A method for the diagnosis and treatment of bone or soft-tissue cancer in a human	
2	or non-human patient in need thereof comprising:		
3		(a) harvesting bone or soft-tissue from a donor;	
4		(b) isolating and purifying osteogenic material therefrom; and	
5		(c) comparing the quantity and type of growth factors present to that found	
6		in healthy bone or other tissues.	
1	28.	A method for assessing developmental bone or tissue disorders comprising:	
2		(a) harvesting a bone or soft-tissue sample from a selected area at different	
3		stages of development;	
4		(b) isolating, purifying and quantifying the osteogenic factors present in said	
5		sample;	
6		(c) comparing the quantity and type of osteogenic factors present at different	
7		stages of the development of said bone or tissue with established baseline values;	
8		and	
9		(d) identifying osteogenic factors present in elevated or decreased concentrations	
10		relative to said baseline value.	

- 1 29. The method according to claim 27, further comprising formulating therapeutic
- 2 compositions specific for counteracting said elevated or decreased concentrations of said
- 3 osteogenic factors.
- 1 30. The method of claim 27, wherein said elevated or decreased level is associated
- 2 with cellular proliferation, apoptosis, differentiation, morphogenesis or combinations
- 3 thereof.
- 1 31. A method for reducing the need to sacrifice laboratory animals used in bone
- 2 growth studies comprising selecting an implant, wherein the osteoinductive potential of
- 3 said implant is predetermined by the method of claim 1; and implanting said implant into
- 4 a patient in need thereof.
- 1 32. An implant selected from a collection of like implants, wherein the osteoinductive
- 2 potential of said collection of like implants is predetermined by the method of claim 1.
- 1 33. A collection of like implants, wherein the osteoinductive potential of said
- 2 collection of like implants is quantified by the method of claim 1, and wherein said
- 3 collection of like implants is labelled as possessing osteoinductive potential as
- 4 determined by the method of claim 1.
- 34. A composition for administration to a site of need comprising an admixture of at
- 2 least one mitogenic factor and at least one morphogenic factor; wherein said composition
- 3 is adapted such that upon administration of said composition, an amount of said
- 4 morphogenic factor is released after an amount of said mitogenic factor is released.
- 1 35. The composition of claim 34, wherein said mitogenic factor is TGF-beta and said
- 2 morphogenic factor is BMP-2.
- 1 36. The composition of claim 34, wherein said admixture is provided in a
- 2 pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.